

Georgia-focused investment company

Investor Presentation: 1Q18 results

Forward looking statements



Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, statements concerning expectations, projections, objectives, targets, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, competitive strengths and weaknesses, plans or goals relating to financial position and future operations and development. Although Georgia Capital PLC believes that the expectations and opinions reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations and opinions will prove to have been correct. By their nature, these forward-looking statements are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies, and actual results and events could differ materially from those currently being anticipated as reflected in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in forward-looking statements, certain of which are beyond our control, include, among other things: currency fluctuations, including depreciation of the Georgian Lari, and macroeconomic risk; regional tensions and instability; regulatory risk across a wide range of industries; cyber security, information systems and financial crime risk; investment business and investment business strategy risk; risks associated with the demerger and future performance; and other key factors that indicated could adversely affect our business and financial performance, which are contained elsewhere in this document and in our past and future filings and reports and also the 'Principal Risks and Uncertainties' included in BGEO Group PLC's Annual Report and Accounts 2017. No part of this presentation constitutes, or shall be taken to constitute, an invitation or inducement to invest in Georgia Capital PLC or any other entity, including Bank of Georgia Group PLC or any of their associated entities, and must not be relied upon i





1.	1Q18 results discussion Georgia Capital
2.	Investment strategy & portfolio overview
3.	1Q18 results discussion Investment portfolio
4.	Georgian Macro Overview
5.	Appendices

Georgia Capital at glance



Georgia Capital portfolio



Investment company focused on investing in and developing businesses in Georgia

LSE listed	Private					
		Early stage				
Bank of Georgia (Banking) 19.9%	Energy (managed by GGU) 65%	Hospitality & Commercial real estate (managed by m ²) 100%	Beverages (managed by Teliani) 76%			
	Late stage					
GHG (Healthcare) 57%	Water Utility (managed by GGU) 100%	Housing Development (managed by m ²) 100%	P&C Insurance (managed by Aldagi) 100%			

First day of trading on LSE premium segment – 29 May 2018



	Target	Current 31 March 2018
1,000 hotel rooms Georgia Capital targets to have 1,000 hotel rooms in its hospitality business portfolio over the next 3 years		Currently 760 rooms of which 152 are operational and 608 are in the pipelin
1,000 hectares of vineyard	Our beverage business targets to increase its vineyard base to 1,000 hectares over the next 3 years	Currently 86 hectares of vineyard base (436 hectares at 30 April 2018) ¹
1,000MW capacity	Our energy business plans to have 1,000MW installed capacity over the next 5 years	Up to 53MW of hydro projects are currently under construction, together with 46MW of hydro projects under development, and 100MW wind projects - at the feasibility stage

¹ In April 2018, we acquired a 60% indirect controlling interest in Kindzmarauli Marani LLC, a producer of exquisite Georgian wines and spirits, which owns 350 hectares of vineyards.

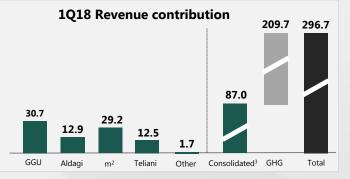
1Q18 performance highlights

1Q18 Revenue y-o-y growth



► 1Q18 revenue, adjusted to include revenue of the discontinued operations⁽¹⁾, was **GEL 296.7mln**, up 16.3% y-o-y

GGU revenue	+13.1%
Aldagi revenue	+3.4%
m ² revenue	+48.0%
Teliani revenue	+94.4%
Revenue from discontinued operations	+11.4%



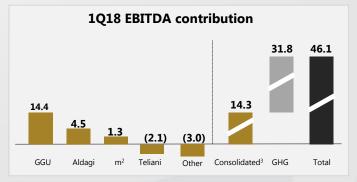


1Q18 EBITDA y-o-y performance⁽²⁾

+10.6%

 1Q18 EBITDA, adjusted to include EBITDA of the discontinued operations, was GEL 46.1mln

GGU EBITDA	+0.8%
Aldagi EBITDA	+5.1%
m ² EBITDA	+71.7%
Teliani EBITDA	NMF
EBITDA from discontinued operations	+25.3%



¹ In December 2017, the Group's board of directors decided to reduce the Group's stake in GHG to less than 50% during 2018 and in line with IFRS, Georgia Capital continues to classify GHG as a "disposal group held for sale" in its 1Q18 balance sheet and GHG's results of operations are reported under the "discontinued operations" line as a single amount in the Georgia Capital's consolidated income statement. ²/o-o-VEITA arowth includes discontinueds operations, GHG

³ excludes eliminations

Georgia Capital – 1Q18 results highlights



Consolidated Income Statement						
	Quarterly income statement					
- GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	change y-o-y	4Q17	change q-o-q	
Gross utility and energy profit	20,850	17,527	19.0%	22,869	(8.8%)	
Gross insurance profit	6,852	6,890	(0.6%)	6,305	8.7%	
Gross real estate profit	3,937	2,589	52.1%	5,773	(31.8%)	
Gross beverage profit	4,471	2,317	93.0%	7,109	(37.1%)	
Other income	1,672	1,528	9.4%	2,502	(33.2%)	
Gross profit	37,782	30,851	22.5%	44,558	(15.2%)	
Operating expenses	(21,510)	(13,891)	54.8%	(22,675)	(5.1%)	
Impairment charge	(2,005)	(104)	NMF	(618)	NMF	
EBITDA	14,267	16,856	(15.4%)	21,265	(32.9%)	
Depreciation and amortisation	(8,972)	(5,598)	60.3%	(9,056)	(0.9%)	
Net foreign currency gain (loss)	5,878	5,771	1.9%	(5,797)	NMF	
Interest income	3,934	2,532	55.4%	4,088	(3.8%)	
Interest expense	(9,524)	(6,770)	40.7%	(8,969)	6.2%	
Profit before non-recurring items and income tax	5,583	12,791	(56.4%)	1,531	264.7%	
Net non-recurring items	(156)	113	NMF	(460)	(66.1%)	
Profit before income tax expense	5,427	12,904	(57.9%)	1,071	406.7%	
Income tax expense	(693)	(687)	0.9%	(1,666)	(58.4%)	
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	4,734	12,217	(61.3%)	(595)	NMF	
Profit from discontinued operations ¹	24,641	12,829	92.1%	12,270	100.8%	
Profit	29,375	25,046	17.3%	11,675	151.6%	
Earnings per share (basic)	0.46	0.47	(2.5%)	0.19	141.5%	
Earnings per share (diluted)	0.44	0.45	(2.3%)	0.18	145.7%	

(1) Profit from discontinued operations includes GEL 7.7mln reversal of GHG's depreciation expense in line with IFRS requirements, GHG's underlying profit was GEL 16mln

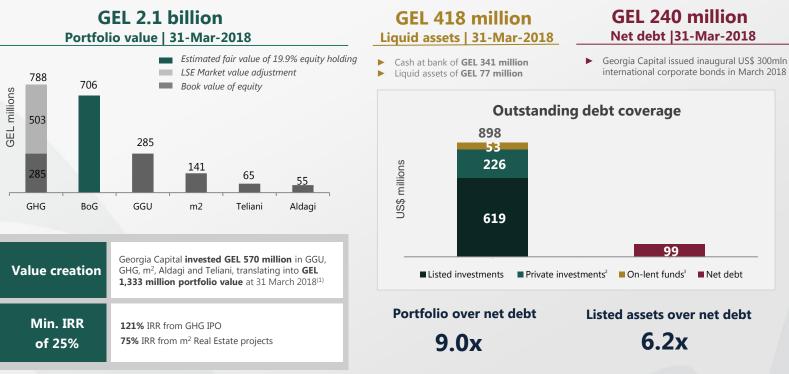
Georgia Capital – 1Q18 results highlights



Consolidated Balance Sheet							
	For the quarter ended						
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17	change y-o-y	31-Dec-17	change q-o-q		
Cash and cash equivalents	528,697	359,629	47.0%	374,301	41.2%		
Amounts due from credit institutions	37,667	174,248	(78.4%)	38,141	(1.2%)		
Debt securities owned	45,233	2,197	NMF	31,906	41.8%		
Equity investments at fair value	707,153	1,153	NMF	1,153	NMF		
Property and equipment	700,905	1,053,786	(33.5%)	661,176	6.0%		
Investment properties	153,638	131,378	16.9%	155,367	(1.1%)		
Assets of disposal group held for sale	1,202,765	-	-	1,165,182	3.2%		
Total assets	3,841,003	2,415,485	59.0 %	2,763,913	39.0%		
Borrowings	381,070	532,572	(28.4%)	377,501	0.9%		
Debt securities issued	732,401	335,773	118.1%	357,442	104.9%		
Liabilities of disposal group held for sale	629,955	-	-	619,026	1.8%		
Total liabilities	1,964,463	1,353,402	45.1%	1,584,245	24.0%		
Total equity	1,876,540	1,062,083	76.7%	1,179,668	59.1%		

Key portfolio highlights | 31 March 2018





¹ Excluding BoG

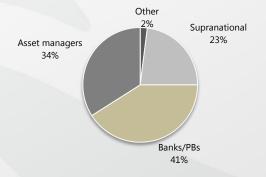
² Stated at book value

³ Georgia Capital on-lent funds from bond proceeds to the portfolio companies

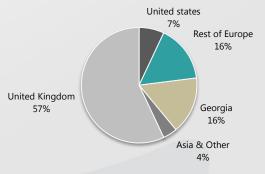


	First ever non-sovereign owned co	rporate international bond from Georgia
Notes:	 US\$ 300 million, 6 year, 6.125% Eurobonds 	Georgia Capital's risk management policy key
Listing:	 Irish Stock Exchange, GEM market 	measures
Notes rating:	B2 (Moody's) / B+ (S&P)	Georgia Capital intends to hold liquid assets of at least US\$
Joint Bookrunners:	 Citi, J.P. Morgan 	50 million at all times
Joint Lead- Manager:	 Renaissance Capital 	Net Debt to Asset Portfolio to be no more than 30% at all times
Co-Manager:	 Galt & Taggart 	
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ALLOCATION BY INVESTOR TYPE



ALLOCATION BY GEOGRAPHY







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Georgia Capital – strategy



Georgia Capital strategy is based on three pillars



Georgia

Leading economy in the region

 Diversified non-commodity reliant economy with consistently high GDP growth across the last decade

Top-ranked in economy environment indices

- #9 in ease of doing business (2018)
- Top-9 in Europe region by Economic Freedom Index (Heritage Foundation, 2018) and #16 internationally
- Low corruption and bribery risk (TI, 2017 and Trace international, 2017)

Investment-led GDP growth with 5.5% growth potential expected in 2018

 Development of large public infrastructure programs backed by multilateral international funding driving GDP growth

Historically low inflation with 3% target set for 2018-2020 by National Bank of Georgia

3-fundamental enablers

Access to capital

2

- Only investment company in Georgia
- Uniquely positioned given the access to capital in a small frontier economy
- Flexibility to use own shares as acquisition currency

Access to management

- Reputation among talented managers as the "best group to work for"
- Attracted talents have demonstrated track record of successful delivery

Commitment to the highest level of corporate governance

- Outstanding track record
- Strong board and robust corporate governance
- Aligned shareholders' and management's interests by share compensation

Capital allocation & Managing investments

Capital allocation

3

- Highly disciplined approach to unlock value through investments
- <u>Clear. company specific, exit paths</u> through IPO or trade sale in 5-10 years and <u>outstanding divesture skills</u> demonstrated via successful public listing of healthcare business
- Disciplined when investing, by buying cheaply
- Buying assets cheaply is the first and most important element of Georgia Capital's investment strategy

Harvesting investments

- Attracting and developing talent is a top priority
- Aligned management style with institutionalized/ non-institutionalized portfolio companies
- Share ownership plans (proxy shares) for portfolio companies' management
- Track record of Institutionalizing and creating independently managed healthcare business





Access to a Market with 2.8bn population without Customs Duties



- > FTA with China signed in May 2017, effective from January 2018
- FTA with European Free Trade Association countries signed in June 2016, effective for Iceland and Norway from September 2017, pending for Liechtenstein and Switzerland
- > FTA with Hong Kong, negotiations completed
- > FTA with India under consideration

Georgia is the second country in the world, after Switzerland, with FTAs with both EU and China

Georgia highlights

- > WTO member since 2001
- > Very simple and service-oriented customs policy and administration
- > c. 80% of goods free from import tariffs
- No quantitative restrictions

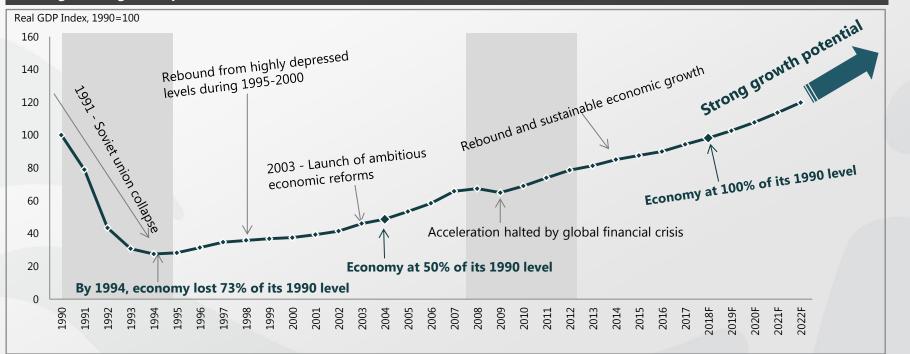
Preferential Trade Regimes:

- 1. DCFTA (Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreement) with EU signed in June 2014
- 2. FTA with CIS countries (Russia, Kazakhstan, etc.)
- 3. FTA with Turkey
- 4. FTA with China
- 5. FTA with EFTA countries (Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland)
- 6. GSP agreements with USA, Canada, and Japan

Ground floor opportunity



Georgian Economy 1990-2017: collapse, stabilization, acceleration, crisis, rebound, sustainable economic growth and finally strong future growth potential



Sources: World Bank, IMF, GeoStat

Georgia Capital value proposition – **3-fundamental enablers**

Superior access to capital

3

- Only investment company in Georgia
- Uniquely positioned given the access to capital in a small frontier economy, where access to capital is limited:
 - c.US\$ 500 mln raised in equity at LSE
 - Issued five Eurobonds totaling US\$ 1.5 billion
 - US\$ 3 billion + raised from IFIs (EBRD, IFC etc.)
- Flexibility to use own shares as acquisition currency





Access to management

- Reputation among talented managers as the "best group to work for"
- Attracted talents have demonstrated track record of successful delivery
- Proven DNA in turning around companies and growing them efficiently
- Strong skillset in company exits
 - LSE IPO track record
 - Divestiture skills

Strong corporate governance

Outstanding track record in:

- Institutionalizing businesses, creating independently run/managed institutions
- Investor reporting transparency and granularity н.
- Strong board and robust corporate governance
- Aligned shareholders' and management's interests
 - Management compensation linked to performance
 - Equity/performance dominating compensation structure

Capital allocation & harvesting investments





Georgia Capital's board of directors





Irakli Gilauri, Chairman & CEO

Experience: formerly BGEO Group CEO; MS in banking from CASS Business School, London; BBS from University of Limerick, Ireland



William Huyett, Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience: formerly a Director of McKinsey & Company, based in its Boston office, for over 28 years



Caroline Brown, Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience: Chief Financial Officer at Listen Media Campaign Company, Chief Innovation Officer and Founding Partner at Cambridge Advisory Partners



Jyrki Talvitie, Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience: 28 years of experience in the banking, including Sberbank, VTB, East Capital and Bank of New York in both buy and sell-side transactions



Board of Directors - Georgia Capital PLC

David Morrison, Senior Independent Director

Experience: formerly Director at Sullivan & Cromwell with a track record of over 28 years, Founding CEO of the Caucasus Nature Fund (CNF)



Kim Bradley, Independent Non-executive Director

Experience: Goldman Sachs AM, Senior Executive at GE Capital, President of Societa Gestione Crediti, Board Chairman at Archon Capital Deutschland



Massimo Gesua'sive Salvadori, Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience: currently an analyst at Odey asset management, formerly with McKinsey & Company for over 9 years

Georgia Capital's highly experienced management team

Listed

Private

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Georgia Capital Management



Irakli Gilauri, Chairman & CEO

Formerly CEO of BGEO Group since 2011, joined as CFO of Bank of Georgia in 2004. Mr Gilauri was appointed Chairman of the Bank in September 2015, having previously served as CEO of the Bank since May 2006. Prior, he was EBRD (European Bank for Reconstruction and Development) banker. Over the last decade, Irakli's leadership has been instrumental in creating major players in a number of Georgian industries, including banking, healthcare, utilities and energy, real estate, insurance and wine. Holds an MS in banking from CASS Business School.

Avto Namicheishvili, Deputy CEO

Formerly BGEO Group General Counsel. Joined as a General Counsel at the Bank in 2007, and has since played a key role in all of the Group's equity and debt raises on the capital markets, and over 25 mergers and acquisitions. Prior, was a Partner at a leading Georgian law firm. Holds LLM in international business law from Central European University, Hungary.

Ekaterina Shavgulidze, Chief Investment Officer

Formerly served as Head of Funding and Investor Relations in BGEO Group. Joined BGEO as a CEO of healthcare services business in 2011. Most recently Eka played a key role in the GHG IPO as a Group Head of IR. Prior, she was an Associate Finance Director at AstraZeneca, UK. Holds an MBA from Wharton Business School.

Giorgi Alpaidze, Chief Financial Officer

Formerly BGEO Group CFO. Joined BGEO as Head of Group's Finance, Funding and Investor Relations in 2016. He has extensive international experience in banking, accounting and finance. Previously he was a senior manager in Ernst & Young LLP's Greater New York City's assurance practice. BBA from the European School of Management in Georgia, U.S. Certified Public Accountant.











Nikoloz Gamkrelidze, CEO, Georgia Healthcare Group

Previously deputy CEO (Finance) of BGEO Group. Our healthcare business story starts with Nick, who started it in 2006, and has successfully led it through outstanding growth and most recently the IPO on the London Stock Exchange. Holds an MA in international healthcare management from the Tanaka Business School of Imperial College London.

Kaha Kiknavelidze, CEO of Bank of Georgia

Joined as member of the Bank's Supervisory Board and Audit Committee in 2008. Kaha founded and managed Rioni Capital Partners LLP, a London-based investment management company until his appointment as a CEO of the Bank. Kaha has served in a number of roles at UBS and Troika Dialog. Holds an MBA from Emory University.

Archil Gachechiladze, CEO, Georgia Global Utilities

Previously a Deputy CEO in charge of corporate banking in Bank of Georgia. He launched the Bank's industry and macro research, brokerage, and advisory businesses, as well as leading investments in GGU and launched Hydro Investments. Prior, he was an Associate at Lehman Brothers Private Equity in London, and worked at Salford Equity Partners, EBRD, KPMG, Barents, and the World Bank. Holds MBA with distinction from Cornell University and is CFA charterholder

Irakli Burdiladze, CEO, m² Real Estate

Joined as a CFO at the Bank of Georgia in 2006. Before taking leadership of real estate business in 2010, he served as the COO of the Bank. Prior he was a CFO at a leading real estate developer and operator in Georgia. Holds a graduate degree in International Economics and International Relations from the Johns Hopkins University School of Advanced International Studies.

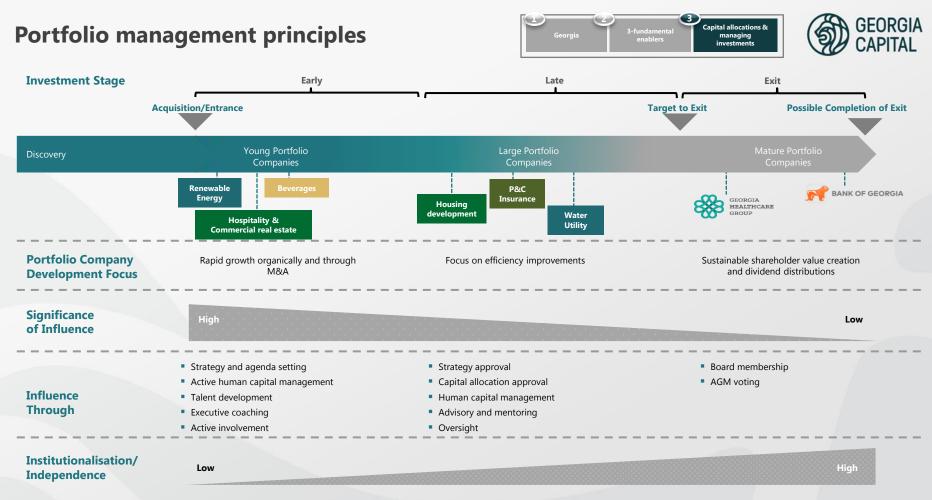
Shota Kobelia, CEO, Teliani Valley

Having previously worked at Pernod Ricard in the USA and Easter Europe, joined Teliani to build up Ukrainian distribution in 2009. In 2010, became CEO for Teliani Valley and developed it from a small and loss-making winery into a major beverage group with own distribution channels on the main markets. Holds MS in Sales & Marketing from Bordeaux Busiess School.

Giorgi Baratashvili, CEO, Aldagi

Joined as the Head of Corporate Clients Division of Aldagi in 2004. Before taking the leadership of our P&C insurance business in 2014, he served as Deputy CEO of Aldagi in charge of strategic management for corporate sales and corporate account management. Holds the Master Diploma in International Law.





Healthcare and pharmacy business (GHG) overview





Key facts

Market Leader

- 26.4% market share by number of beds (3,320)
- 30% market share by Pharma sales.
- The widest population coverage: over 3/4 of Georgia's 3.7mln population

Long-term high-growth opportunities

- Very low base: healthcare services spending per capita only US\$ 325
- Growing market: healthcare spending growing at 11.5% CAGR 2000-2014
- Implying long-term, high-growth expansion driven by potential to develop medical tourism and Polyclinics (outpatient clinics)

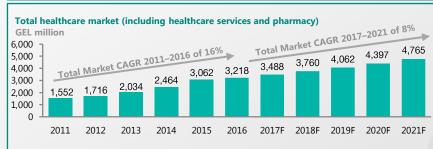
Business model with cost and synergy advantages

Only integrated player in the region with significant cost advantage in scale and synergies

Financial metrics (GEL m)								
		Annual Quarterly						
	2015	2016	2017	1Q17	1Q18			
Revenue	246	426	748	186	208			
EBITDA	56	78	108	25	31			
Profit before tax	24	40	46	13	16			
Healthcare EBITDA margin	27.4%	30.2%	26.4%	25.3%	25.2%			
Pharma EBITDA margin	N/A	4.3%*	8.6%	7.8%	10.0%			

Selected operating metrics 1017 4017 1018 Number of hospitals 35 37 37 Number of beds 2.731 3.014 3.320 17 Number of polyclinics 13 16 256 Number of pharmacies 245 255 68.1% 60.4% 65.7% Bed occupancy rate, referral hospitals

* FY16 includes only May-Dec GPC's results



Market opportunity

Source: Frost & Sullivan analysis 2017



Exit Strategy – Sell downs/Block trades

- In May 2017 Georgia Capital sold 9.5 million shares of GHG (7.2%) for US\$ 40 million
- Georgia Capital's stake in GHG is currently at 57%

Bank of Georgia (BoG) Overview





Market opportunity



GEL 7.8bln loan portfolio breakdown (GEL m)⁽²⁾ | 31 March 2018





Key facts

High standards of transparency and governance

The first entity from Georgia to be listed on the premium segment of the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange (LSE:BGEO) since February 2012.

Industry investment rationale

- Leading market position¹ in Georgia by assets (36.2%), loans (33.3%), client deposits (35.4%) and equity (28.6%)
- Market with stable growth perspectives
- Strong brand name recognition and retail banking franchise
- Sustainable growth combined with strong capital, liquidity and robust profitability
- Outstanding ROAE performance

Targets

- Become a regional private banking hub with AUM: GEL 2.5bln
- Maintenance of dividend payout ratio within 25-40%

Financial metrics (GEL m)						
		Annual			Quarterly	
	2015	2016	20	017	1Q17	1Q18
ROAE	21.9%	22.2%	25.	2%	23.7%	25.9%
NIM	7.7%	7.4%		3%	7.4%	7.0%
NPL coverage	83.4%	86.7%	92.	7%	87.1%	111.4%
Loan portfolio	5,367	6,682	7,	741	6,471	7,792
Retail banking growth	35.3%	39.5%	29.	3%	34.1%	32.5%
Cost/income	35.5%	37.7%	37.	7%	36.0%	37.0%
	Selec	ted operat	ing metri	cs		
			1Q17	4Q17	1Q18	
Retail clients (thousands	5)		2,188	2,315	2,356	
Product to client ratio (r	etail)		2.0	2.2	2.2	
Mobile bank transactions (thousands)			980	2,324	2,818	
Digital transactions (ml	n)		8.1	10.3	10.5	
Exit Strategy – Sell downs						

(1)Market data based on standalone accounts as published by the National Bank of Georgia (NBG) as of 31 March 2018 www.nbg.gov.ge

(2) Excluding BNB

Water utility and energy business (GGU) overview



Key facts Stable cash collection rates

- Growing dividend payment capacity
- RAB-based tariff methodology
- WACC set at 15.99% by regulator

Energy

Utility

Natural monopoly

- Untapped energy market with potential for significant growth
- Low per capita power usage
- Hydro Power Plants are cheap to build
- Wind Power Plants generate large portion of annual production during winter, when Georgia faces deficit
- Targeting 1.000MW capacity over the next 5 years

Financial metrics (GEL m)								
	Annual Quarterly							
	2015	2016	2017	1Q17	1Q18			
Total revenue*	118	127	135	28.6	32.3			
Of which, utility revenue	104	117	125	27.4	30.2			
Of which, energy revenue	18	15	14	2.2	3.1			
Total EBITDA	62	68	71	14.4	14.6			
Of which, utility EBITDA	46	57	62	13.1	12.8			
Of which, energy EBITDA	16	11	9	1.3	1.7			

Selected operating metrics

	1Q:	17 4Q17	1Q18	
Water sales (m ³)	35,32	21 36,825	35,682	
Electricity generation (kwh tho	ousand) 64,7	11 85,292	86,671	
Electricity consumption (kwh t	housand) 72,9	51 68,442	61,065	
New connections	3	35 843	891	

Exit Strategy – IPO in 2020-2021







Market opportunity

Housing development & Hospitality business (m²) overview m²



Key facts

Outstanding track record

- Generated IRR ranging from 31% to 329% on 7 completed residential projects
- · Cost advantage through the vertical integration of its construction, project management and sales platforms

Industry investment rationale

- Average household size is significantly higher compared to Europe
- Most of the housing stock dates back to Soviet era and is amortised
- As country continues to grow urbanisation levels are increasing
- Record number of tourists visiting Georgia every year

Asset light strategy

- Unlock land value by developing housing projects
- Developing third party land franchise m² brand name
- Grow yielding asset portfolio
- Generate fee income from third party construction projects

Enter hotel development business

- Build, Sell (by wrapping into REIT) and Manage
- Reach 1000 hotel rooms over the next 3 years. Currently approximately 760 rooms of which 152 are operational and c. 610 are in the pipeline

Financial metrics (USD m)												
		Annual		Quarterly								
	2015	2016	2017	1Q17	1Q18							
Gross revenue from apartments sales	\$20	\$41	\$37	\$7	\$11							
Commercial real estate portfolio	\$14	\$18	\$30	\$17	\$30							
EBITDA	\$8	\$6	\$10	\$0.3	\$0.5							
Net Asset Value	\$45	\$51	\$59	\$55	\$61							

Selected operating metrics											
	1Q17	4Q17	1Q18								
Number of apartments sold	143	165	53								
Apartments in stock	704	217	164								
On-going projects	4	4	4								
Leased area (sq.m.)	17,925	20,477	19,629								

Market opportunity





NAV track record (USD m) - Triple NAV by 2022



Exit Strategy – Spin-off as REIT

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P&C insurance business (Aldagi) overview

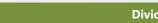


Market opportunity













Exit Strategy – IPO or strategic sale in 5 years

Key facts

Industry investment rationale

- Underpenetrated insurance market
- Lack of digitalisation providing first-mover advantage
- Compulsory border TPL kicked in from 1 March 2018 and local TPL in 2020
- Untapped retail Casco insurance market
 - c. 50k cars insured out of 1.2m cars, only 4% penetration
- Aldagi's market share in retail Casco insurance 40% per GPW based on 2017 data

Solid track record

- Outstanding ROAE performance
- Doubled retail portfolio during the last 3 years

Target to grow net income to GEL 50 million in 2022 year

Financial metrics (GEL m)											
		Annual		Quarterly							
	2015	2016	2017	1Q17	1Q18						
Earned premiums, gross	68	71	86	19	20						
Net income	12*	14	16	4	4						
Combined ratio	79%	73%	75%	72.7%	72.4%						
Loss ratio	43%	35%	40%	39.1%	40.8%						
ROAE	37%	37%	38%	36.9%	31.3%						

Selected operating metrics												
	1Q17	4Q17	1Q18									
Active corporate clients	2,073	2,125	2,404									
Active retail clients	37,209	45,598	55,418									
Corporate insurance policies written	14,159	12,486	14,405									
Retail insurance policies written	17,539	24,497	32,529									

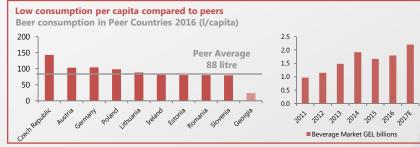
* Excluding one-off FX contract with GEL 8mln loss

Beverage business (Teliani valley) overview

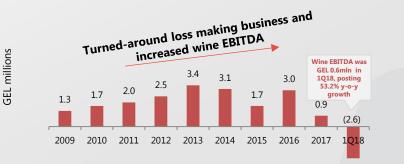




Market opportunity



Consolidated EBITDA track record (GEL m)



Exit Strategy – Strategic Sale

Key facts

Industry investment rationale

- High growth sector which has doubled during last 5 years to GEL 1.8 billion
- High multiple business
- Best-in-class distribution network platform provides competitive advantage to onboard additional beverage businesses
- Recent free trade agreements with China and EU provide opportunities for growing wine exports
- 10 year exclusivity with Heineken to produce beer to be sold in Georgia, Armenia and Azerbaijan (c.17mln population)

Wine business

- Market leader with 35% market share in premium HoReCa and modern trade segment based on bottle wine sales
- Increase vineyard base to 1,000 hectares, from current 436 hectares¹, over the next three years.

Beer production business

 Local production – 13% market share² at 31 March 2018 since mainstream beer "ICY" launch in June'17

Financial metrics (GEL m)											
	A	Annual		Quarterly							
	2015	2016	2017	1Q17	1Q18						
Revenue (wine)	18	18	22	3	5						
Revenue (beer)	N/A	N/A	18	-	5						
EBITDA (wine)	2	3	6	0.4	0.6						
EBITDA (beer)	N/A	N/A	(5)	(0.6)	(3)						

Selected operating metrics

	1Q17	4Q17	1Q18
Wine sales (bottles)	559,538	1,137,518	732,446
Beer sales (liters)	-	1,841,845	2,250,945

¹ Includes current acquisition of Kindzmarauli Marani LLC ² market share is calculated based on liter sales





1.	1Q18 results discussion Georgia Capital
2.	Investment strategy & portfolio overview
3.	1Q18 results discussion Investment portfolio
	m ² Real Estate
4.	Georgian Macro Overview
5.	Appendices

m² financial highlights



					Inc	ome sta	temer	nt							
		Hous	ing developr	nent		_		Hospitality				c	Consolidated ¹		
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q
Revenue from apartments sales Cost of apartments	27,861 (24,939)	18,399 (17,109)	51.4% 45.8%	30,788 (26,890)	(9.5%) (7.3%)	-	-	-	-	:	27,861 (24,939)	18,399 (17,109)	51.4% 45.8%	30,788 (26,890)	(9.5%) (7.3%)
Gross profit from apartments sales	2,922	1,290	126.5%	3,898	(25.0%)	-	-	-	-	-	2,922	1,290	126.5%	3,898	(25.0%)
Revenue from operating lease Cost of operating leases	-	-	-	-	-	1,001 (151)	899 (83)	11.3% 81.9%	986 (135)	1.5% 11.9%	1,001 (151)	899 (83)	11.3% 81.9%	986 (135)	1.5% 11.9%
Gross profit from operating leases	-	-	-	-	-	850	816	4.2%	851	(0.1%)	850	816	4.2%	851	(0.1%)
Revenue from hospitality services Cost of hospitality services	-	-	-	-	-	344 (277)	-	NMF NMF	-	NMF NMF	344 (277)	-	NMF NMF	-	NMF NMF
Gross profit from hospitality services	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	NMF	-	NMF	67	-	NMF	-	NMF
Revaluation of commercial property	-	479	NMF	99	NMF	-	-	-	(618)	NMF	-	479	NMF	(519)	NMF
Gross real estate profit Other income Gross profit	2,922 178 3,100	1,769 11 1,780	65.2% NMF 74.2%	3,997 56 4,053	(26.9%) NMF (23.5%)	917 9 926	816 816	12.4% NMF 13.5%	233 - 233	NMF NMF NMF	3,839 90 3,929	2,585 11 2,596	48.5% NMF 51.3%	4,230 56 4,286	(9.2%) 60.7% (8.3%)
Salaries and other employee benefits	(829)	(396)	109.3%	(939)	(11.7%)	(318)	(11)	NMF	(256)	24.2%	(1,147)	(407)	NMF	(1,195)	(4.0%)
Administrative expenses Operating expenses EBITDA Depreciation and amortization	(1,426) (2,255) 845 (134)	(1,336) (1,732) 48 (63)	6.7% 30.2% NMF 112.7%	(1,459) (2,398) 1,655 (305)	(2.3%) (6.0%) (48.9%) (56.1%)	(48) (366) 560 (5)	(91) (102) 714 (3)	(47.3%) NMF (21.6%) 66.7%	(41) (297) (64) (10)	17.1% 23.2% NMF (50.0%)	(1,474) (2,621) 1,308 (139)	(1,427) (1,834) 762 (66)	3.3% 42.9% 71.7% 110.6%	(1,500) (2,695) 1,591 (315)	(1.7%) (2.7%) (17.8%) (55.9%)
Net foreign currency (loss) gain	(134)	(184)	61.4%	(303) 89	(50.1%) NMF	(10)	(10)	- 00.7 %	(10)	(30.078) NMF	(307)	(00)	58.2%	(313) 94	(55.5%) NMF
Interest income	99	182	(45.6%)	151	(34.4%)	3	7	(57.1%)	(6)	(150.0%)	102	189	(46.0%)	145	(29.7%)
Interest expense Net operating income (loss) before non-recurring items	513	(2) (19)	NMF NMF	- 1,590	- (67.7%)	(41) 507	(46) 662	(10.9%) (23.4%)	(47) (122)	(12.8%) NMF	(41) 923	(48) 643	(14.6%) 43.5%	(47) 1,468	(12.8%) (37.1%)
Net non-recurring items Profit before income tax Income tax expense	(31) 482	(73) (92)	(57.5%) NMF	(191) 1,399 (468)	(83.8%) (65.5%) NMF	(1) 506	(3) 659	(66.7%) (23.2%)	(6) (128) (13)	(83.3%) NMF NMF	(32) 891	(76) 567	(57.9%) 57.1%	(197) 1,271 (481)	(83.8%) (29.9%) NMF
Profit	482	(92)	NMF	(468) 931	(48.2%)	506	659	(23.2%)	(15) (141)	NMF	891	567	57.1%	(481) 790	12.8%

¹ includes inter-segment eliminations

m² financial highlights



Balance Sheet

			у-о-у	Dec-17	Change q-o-q
Cash and cash equivalents	107,822	48,636	121.7%	34,751	NMF
Amounts due from credit institutions	208	179	16.2%	114	82.5%
Prepayments	45,656	17,842	155.9%	34,932	30.7%
Inventories	55,684	83,922	(33.6%)	59,683	(6.7%)
Investment property, of which:	145,738	110,831	31.5%	150,143	(2.9%)
Land bank	74,452	68,789	8.2%	72,902	2.1%
Commercial real estate	71,286	42,042	69.6%	77,241	(7.7%)
Property and equipment	51,917	9,110	NMF	49,641	4.6%
Other assets	16,702	25,202	(33.7%)	21,565	(22.6%)
Total assets	423,727	295,722	43.3%	350,829	20.8%
Amounts due to credit institutions ¹	155,078	38,912	298.5%	58,992	162.9%
Debt securities issued	61,879	62,278	(0.6%)	65,122	(5.0%)
Deferred income	33,128	53,670	(38.3%)	46,660	(29.0%)
Other liabilities	17,531	7,657	129.0%	15,425	13.7%
Total liabilities	267,616	162,517	64.7%	186,199	43.7%
Share Capital	4,180	4,180	_	4,180	-
Additional paid-in capital	84,356	86,227	(2.2%)	82,793	1.9%
Other reserves	4,299	13,469	(68.1%)	14,460	(70.3%)
Retained earnings	53,573	29,329	82.7%	52,779	1.5%
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Group	146,408	133,205	9.9%	154,212	(5.1%)
Non-controlling interest	9,703	-	NMF	10,418	(6.9%)
Total equity	156,111	133,205	17.2%	164,630	(5.2%)
Total liabilities and equity	423,727	295,722	43.3%	350,829	20.8%

¹ m² borrowed US\$39mln from Georgia Capital at the end of 1Q18 to refinance some of the existing borrowings and fund the on-going developments of hotels in pipeline

m² financial highlights



	Cash Flow				
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q
Cash flows from operating activities					
Proceeds from apartments sales	21,489	27,740	(22.5%)	33,042	(35.0%)
Cash outflows for development of apartments	(24,165)	(22,362)	8.1%	(18,399)	31.3%
Net proceeds from yielding assets	850	856	(0.7%)	851	(0.1%)
Cash paid for operating expenses	(4,560)	(1,725)	NMF	(2,131)	114.0%
Interest paid	(43)	(1,587)	(97.3%)	(5,030)	(99.1%)
Income tax paid		(3,854)	(100.0%)	(890)	(100.0%)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	(6,429)	(932)	NMF	7,444	(186.4%)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of investment properties	(4,295)	-	NMF	-	NMF
Capital expenditure on investment property	(1,788)	(673)	NMF	(3,281)	(45.5%)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(8,568)	(2,389)	NMF	(6,519)	31.4%
Acquisition of subsidiaries		-	0%	(10,562)	(100.0%)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(14,651)	(3,062)	NMF	(20,362)	(28.0%)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Repayment of debt securities issued	-	(34,099)	(100.0%)	-	0.0%
Contributions under share-based payment plan	-	-	0.0%	(4,998)	(100.0%)
Proceeds from borrowings	98,745	-	NMF	12,696	NMF
Repayment of borrowings	(56)	(1,166)	(95.2%)	(15,633)	(99.6%)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	98,689	(35,265)	NMF	(7,935)	NMF
Effect of exchange rate changes	(4,444)	(5,136)	(13.5%)	4,234	NMF
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	73,165	(44,395)	NMF	(16,619)	NMF
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period*	34,865	93,210	(62.6%)	51,484	(32.3%)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period*	108,030	48,815	121.3%	34,865	NMF

m² – a leading player on Georgian real estate market





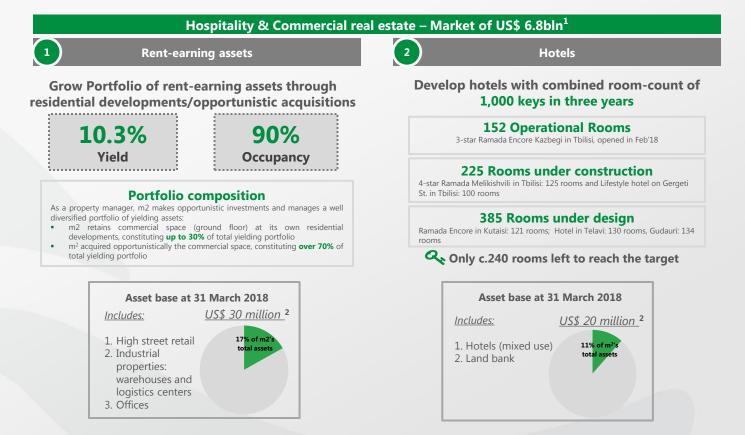
1. Transactions volume of residential flats in Tbilisi in 2017

2. Total Assets are US\$ 175mln. Pie charts do not sum-up to 100% due to Cash holdings of US\$ 45mln

3. Including 3,300 apartments of Digomi project

Targeting to spin-off yielding properties as a listed REIT managed by m²





m² housing development business performance highlights



Strong sales performance





Apartment sales track record in completed projects



94% of apartments are sold-out



Revenue and sales from residential segment



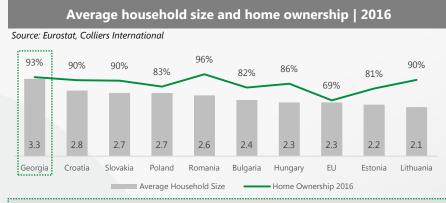


Operating/Financial data for completed and on-going projects at 31 March 2018

#	Project name	Number of apartments	Number of apartments sold	Number of apartments sold as % of total	Number of apartments available for sale	Start date (construction)	Actual / Planned Completion date (construction)	Construction progress	Total Sales (US\$ mln)	Recognised as revenue (US\$ mln)	Deferred revenue (US\$ mln)	Deferred revenue expected to be recognised as revenue in 2018	Land value unlocked (US\$)	Realised & Expected IRR
Complete	ed projects	1,691	1,680	99.3%	11				145.5	145.4	-	-	19.5	
1	Chubinashvili Street	123	123	100.0%	-	Sep-10	Aug-12	100%	9.9	9.9	-	-	0.9	47%
2	Tamarashvili Street	525	525	100.0%	-	May-12	Jun-14	100%	48.9	48.9	-	-	5.4	46%
3	Kazbegi Street	295	295	100.0%	-	Dec-13	Feb-16	100%	27.2	27.2	-	-	3.6	165%
4	Nutsubidze Street	221	221	100.0%	-	Dec-13	Sep-15	100%	17.4	17.4	-	-	2.2	58%
5	Tamarashvili Street II	270	266	98.5%	4	Jul-14	Jun-16	100%	24.3	24.3	-	-	2.7	71%
6	Moscow Avenue	238	238	100.0%	-	Sep-14	Jun-16	100%	12.3	12.3	-	-	1.6	31%
7	Skyline	19	12	63.2%	7	Dec-15	Dec-17	100%	5.4	5.4	-	-	3.1	329%
On-going) projects	1,202	1,049	87.3%	153				84.6	62.3	22.3	21.9	14.2	
8	Kartozia Street	801	738	92.1%	63	Nov-15	Oct-18	84%	51.9	41	10.9	10.9	5.8	60%
9	Kazbegi Street II	303	223	73.6%	80	Jun-16	Nov-18	52%	19.5	12.5	7	7	4.3	51%
10	50 Chavchavadze Ave.	82	74	90.2%	8	Oct-16	Oct-18	84%	9.7	7.3	2.4	2.4	3.3	75%
11	Melikishvili ave.	16	14	87.5%	2	Sep-17	May-19	11%	3.5	1.5	2	1.6	0.8	101%
	Total	2,893	2,729	94.3%	164				230.1	207.7	22.3	22	33.7	

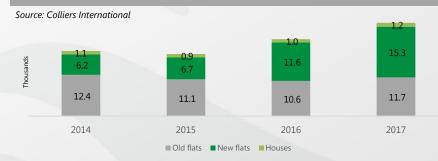
m² housing development business – market opportunity



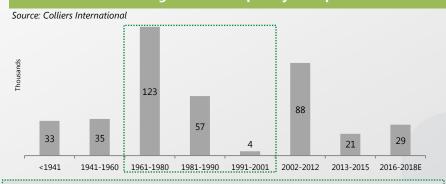


Georgia has one of the highest average household size of 3.3 people. This number has dropped from 3.8 in 2015 and further decrease in this number will increase the demand

Number of sales transactions by unit types



of housing units developed by time periods



Around 120,000 (35%) of housing units in Tbilisi were built more than 40 years ago and are out of their usable lifecycle

Mortgage loans as a % of GDP 2017

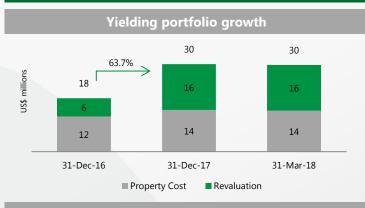


Compared to peers, Georgia has one of the lowest Mortgage Loan as a % of GDP ratio. Implying that there is a room for increase on the total value of outstanding mortgage loans.

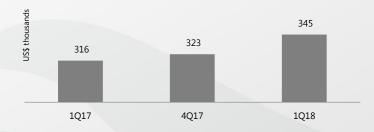
m² hospitality & commercial real estate business performance highlights



Strong Performance



Gross profit from operating leases



 30
 30

 18
 15

 15
 14

 15
 14

 10
 31-Dec-17

 31-Dec-16
 31-Dec-17

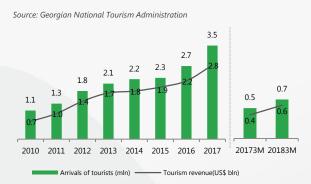
 31-Dec-17
 31-Mar-18

Key performance metrics of yielding business



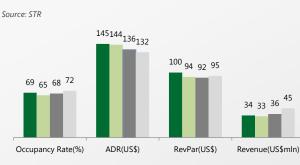
m² hospitality & commercial real estate business – market opportunity





Arrivals of tourists and tourism revenue | Georgia

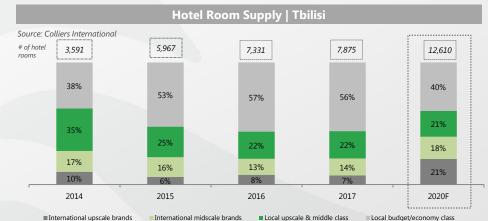
Key performance metrics of hotels | Tbilisi



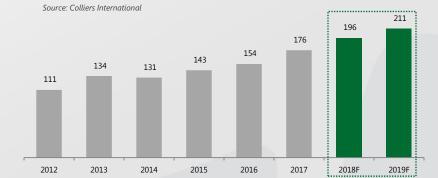
2014 2015 2016 2017

Arrivals at airports (mln) | Georgia





Modern office stock supply(GLA'000) l Tbilisi







1.	1Q18 results discussion Georgia Capital
2.	Investment strategy & portfolio overview
3.	1Q18 results discussion Investment portfolio
	GGU – Georgia Global Utilities
	Goo – Georgia Giobai Otilities
4.	Georgian Macro Overview
4. 5.	

GGU Financial highlights



						1	Incon	ne stat	emen	t								
			Utility					Energy ¹			El	iminations			c	Consolidated	4	
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q	1Q18	1Q17	4Q17	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q
Revenue from water supply to legal entities	19,088	18,336	4.1%	22,215	(14.1%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,088	18,336	4.1%	22,215	(14.1%)
Revenue from water supply to individuals	9,769	7,911	23.5%	8,529	14.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,769	7,911	23.5%	8,529	14.5%
Revenue from electric power sales	-	-	-	-	-	3,055	2,148	42.2%	3,892	(21.5%)	(900)	(957)	(1,019)	2,155	1,191	80.9%	2,873	(25.0%)
Other income Revenue Salaries and benefits	1,325 30,182 (4,790)	1,160 27,407 (3,950)	14.2% 10.1% 21.3%	2,278 33,022 (5,155)	(41.8%) (8.6%) (7.1%)	4 3,059 (346)	4 2,152 (307)	- 42.1% 12.7%	5 3,897 (231)	(20.0%) (21.5%) 49.8%	(900)	(957) -	- (1,019) -	1,329 32,341 (5,136)	1,164 28,602 (4,257)	14.2% 13.1% 20.6%	2,283 35,900 (5,386)	(41.8%) (9.9%) (4.6%)
Electricity and transmission costs Assets maintenance expenses General and administrative expenses	(5,722) (1,250) (2,519)	(5,913) (1,066) (2,257)	(3.2%) 17.3% 11.6%	(5,311) (1,693) (3,229)	7.7% (26.2%) (22.0%)	(25) (18) (649)	(16) (26) (419)	56.3% (30.8%) 54.9%	(27) (20) (558)	(7.4%) (10.0%) 16.3%	900 - -	957 - -	1,019	(4,847) (1,268) (3,168)	(4,972) (1,092) (2,676)	(2.5%) 16.1% 18.4%	(4,319) (1,713) (3,787)	12.2% (26.0%) (16.3%)
Other operating expenses Operating expenses	(1,630) (15,911)	(1,359) (14,545)	19.9% 9.4%	(1,560) (16,948)	4.5% (6.1%)	(288) (1,326)	(86) (854)	NMF 55.3%	(483) (1,319)	(40.4%) 0.5%	- 900	957	1,019	(1,918) (16,337)	(1,445) (14,442)	32.7% 13.1%	(2,043) (17,248)	(6.1%) 5.3%
Provisions for doubtful trade receivables	(1,449)	274	NMF	338	NMF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,449)	274	NMF	338	NMF
EBITDA	12,822	13,136	(2.4%)	16,412	(21.9%)	1,733	1,298	33.5%	2,578	(32.8%)	-	-	-	14,555	14,434	0.8%	18,990	(23.4%)
EBITDA Margin	42%	48%		50%		57%	60%		66%		0%	0%	0%	45%	50%		53%	
Depreciation and amortisation EBIT <i>EBIT Margin</i>	(5,233) 7,589 25%	(4,135) 9,001 <i>33%</i>	26.6% (15.7%)	(4,469) 11,943 <i>36%</i>	17.1% (36.5%)	(884) 849 28%	(686) 612 28%	28.9% 38.7%	(760) 1,818 47%	16.3% (53.3%)	-	-	-	(6,117) 8,438 26%	(4,821) 9,613 34%	26.9% (12.2%)	(5,229) 13,761 38%	17.0% (38.7%)
Net interest expense	(3,104)	(2,036)	52.5%	(2,975)	4.3%	(192)	(230)	(16.5%)	(743)	(74.2%)	-	-	-	(3,296)	(2,266)	45.5%	(3,718)	(11.4%)
Net non-recurring expenses	-	-	-	(383)	NMF	(124)	-	NMF	(196)	(36.7%)	-	-	-	(124)	-	NMF	(579)	(78.6%)
Foreign exchange (loss)gain	1,786	(104)	NMF	(271)	NMF	(26)	(224)	(88.4%)	(115)	(77.4%)	-	-	-	1,760	(328)	NMF	(386)	NMF
Profit before income tax	6,271	6,861	(8.6%)	8,314	(24.6%)	507	158	NMF	764	(33.6%)	-	-	-	6,778	7,019	(3.4%)	9,078	(25.3%)
Income tax expense				(210)	NMF		-			-	-	-	-	-		-	(210)	NMF
Profit	6,271	6,861	(8.6%)	8,104	(22.6%)	507	158	NMF	764	(33.6%)	-	-	-	6,778	7,019	(3.4%)	8,868	(23.6%)
Attributable to: -Shareholders of the Group	6,271	6,861	(8.6%)	8,104	(22.6%)	693	316	119.3%	381	81.9%				6,964	7,177	(3.0%)	8,485	(17.9%)
-Shareholders of the Group -Non-controlling interests	0,271	- 0,001	(0.0%)	6,104	(22.0%)	(186)	(158)	119.3%	381	NMF	-	-	-	(186)	(158)	(3.0%)	8,485	(17.9%) NMF

¹Prior to 2Q17, GGU's standalone results excluded the Group's renewable energy business results due to its absence from GGU's legal structure and insignificant size. Effective from 2Q17, we are reporting GGU results on a pro-forma basis together with renewable energy business and have retrospectively revised the comparable information accordingly. The Group owns 65% of renewable energy business

GGU Financial highlights



				Ba	alance	sheet	:								
	Utility			Energy			Consolidated								
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	Mar-18	Mar-17	change y-o-y	Dec-17	change q-o-q	Mar-18	Mar-17	change y-o-y	Dec-17	change q-o-q	Mar-18	Mar-17	change y-o-y	Dec-17	Change q-o-q
Cash and cash equivalents	36,120	2,867	NMF	55,950	(35%)	7,873	13,909	(43%)	14,311	(45%)	43,993	16,776	NMF	70,261	(37%)
Trade and other receivables	18,670	21,927	(15%)	22,442	(17%)	623	265	NMF	1,312	(53%)	19,293	22,192	(13%)	23,754	(19%)
Prepayments and other assets	6,235	11,397	(45%)	6,887	(9%)	7,410	1,461	NMF	8,659	(14%)	13,645	12,858	6%	15,546	(12%)
Total current assets	61,026	36,191	69 %	85,279	(28%)	15,905	15,635	2%	24,282	(34%)	76,931	51,826	48%	109,561	(30%)
Property, plant and equipment	431,895	307,312	41%	399,990	8%	94,447	42,655	NMF	89,519	6%	526,342	349,967	50%	489,509	8%
Investment Property	9,385	18,453	(49%)	10,817	(13%)	469	469	0%	469	0%	9,854	18,922	(48%)	11,286	(13%)
Intangible assets	1,643	955	72%	1,847	(11%)	316	404	(22%)	375	(16%)	1,959	1,359	44%	2,222	(12%)
Other non-current assets	15,730	5,028	NMF	18,909	(17%)	38,668	14,214	NMF	32,999	17%	54,398	19,242	NMF	51,908	5%
Total non-current assets	458,653	331,747	38%	431,562	6%	133,900	57,743	NMF	123,363	9 %	592,553	389,490	52%	554,925	7%
Total assets	519,678	367,938	41%	516,841	1%	149,806	73,378	104%	147,645	1%	669,484	441,316	52%	664,486	1%
Current borrowings	5,366	21,990	(76%)	1,277	NMF	508	576	(12%)	2,555	(80%)	5,874	22,566	(74%)	3,832	53%
Trade and other payables	31,029	27,323	14%	32,358	(4%)	1,612	1,068	51%	1,260	28%	32,641	28,391	15%	33,618	(3%)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	554	743	(26%)	416	33%	3,022	-	NMF	2,686	13%	3,576	743	NMF	3,102	15%
Other taxes payable	886	2,609	(66%)	92	NMF	365	127	NMF	299	22%	1,251	2,736	(54%)	391	NMF
Total current liabilities	37,835	52,664	(28%)	34,143	11%	5,507	1,772	NMF	6,800	(19%)	43,342	54,436	(20%)	40,943	6%
Long term borrowings	236,952	73,142	NMF	239,083	(1%)	74,568	18,392	NMF	69,290	8%	311,520	91,534	NMF	308,373	1%
Deferred income	19,955	17,817	12%	19,474	2%	1,184	-	NMF	1,279	(7%)	21,139	17,817	19%	20,753	2%
Total non-current liabilities	256,906	90,959	NMF	258,557	(1%)	75,753	18,392	NMF	70,569	7%	332,659	109,351	NMF	329,126	1%
Total liabilities Total equity attributable to shareholders of the		143,623		292,700	1%	81,260	20,164	NMF	77,369	5%	376,001	163,787	NMF	370,069	2%
Group	224,958	224,314		224,161	0%	60,001	50,793	18%	60,130	0%	284,959	275,107		284,291	0%
Non-controlling interest	-	-	(100%)	-	NMF	8,524	2,422	NMF	10,126	(16%)	8,524	2,422	NMF	10,126	(16%)
Total equity	-	224,316		224,161	0%	68,526	53,213	29%	70,256	(2%)	293,483	277,529		294,417	0%
Total liabilities and equity	519,678	367,938	41%	516,841	1%	149,806	73,378	104%	147,645	1%	669,484	441,316	52%	664,486	1%

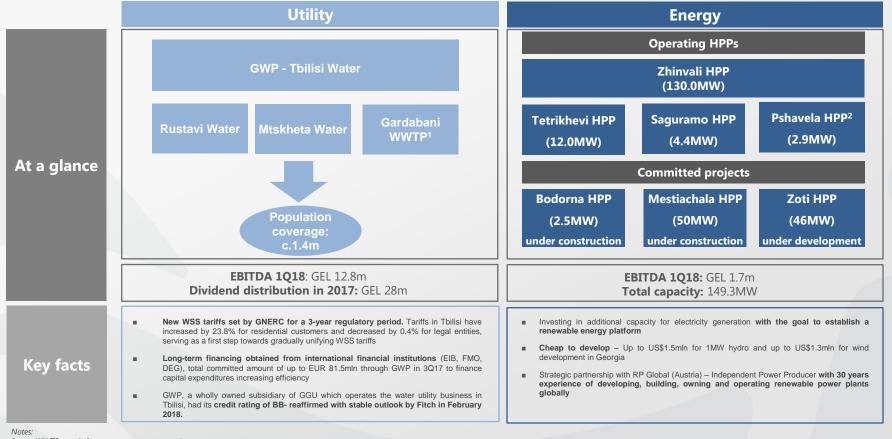
GGU Financial highlights



			-		-
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q
Cash received from customers	35.743	30,582	16.9%	44.768	(20.2%
Cash paid to suppliers	(11,966)	(11,330)	5.6%	(11,387)	5.19
Cash paid to employees	(3,591)	(3,859)	(6.9%)	(3,265)	10.09
Interest received	180	419	(57.0%)	800	(77.5%
interest paid	(861)	(2,356)	(63.5%)	(4,486)	(80.89
Taxes paid	(1,743)	(1,757)	(0.8%)	2,256	(177.39
Restricted cash in Bank	(_/)	945	(100.0%)	(1,362)	(100.0%
Cash flow from operating activities	17,762	12,644	40.5%	27,324	(35.0%
Maintenance capex	(6,958)	(8,832)	(21.2%)	(3,068)	126.8
Operating cash flow after maintenance capex	10,804	3,812	183.6%	24,256	(55.5%
Purchase of PPE and intangible assets	(47,628)	(15,337)	NMF	(86,947)	(45.2%
Proceeds from PPE and investment property sale	1,100	-		-	
Restricted cash in Bank	2,567	(12,249)	(121.0%)	5,876	(56.3%
Fotal cash used in investing activities	(43,961)	(27,586)	59.4%	(81,071)	(45.8%
Proceeds from borrowings	11,697	12,412	(5.8%)	226,572	(94.8%
Repayment of borrowings	(2,744)	(4,328)	(36.6%)	(107,616)	(97.5%
Contributions under share-based payment plan	-	-	0.0%	(2,596)	(100.09
Dividends paid	=	-	0.0%	(28,244)	(100.0%
Capital increase	-	780	(100.0%)	2,653	(100.0%
Total cash flow from financing activities	8,953	8,864	1.0%	90,769	(90.1%
Effect of exchange rates changes on cash	(2,064)	(693)	197.8%	5,650	(136.5%
Total cash (outflow)/inflow	(26,268)	(15,603)	68.4%	39,604	(166.3%
Cash balance					
Cash, beginning balance	70,261	32,379	117.0%	30,657	129.2
Cash, ending balance	43,993	16,776	162.2%	70,261	(37.4%

GGU - water utility and energy business overview



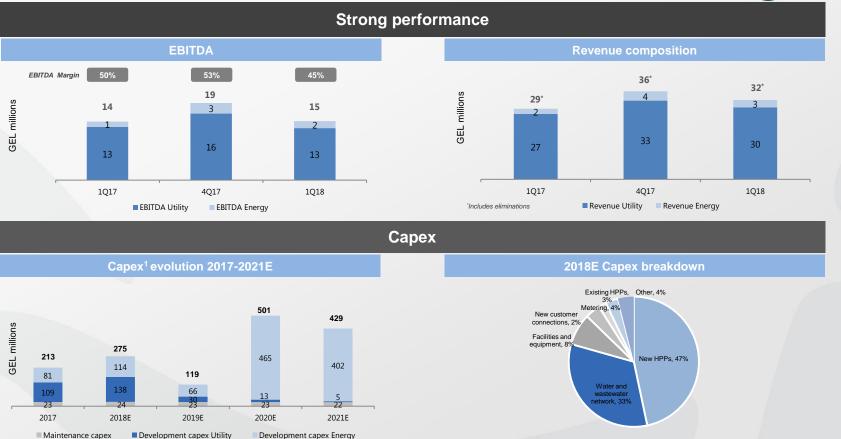


1. WWTP stands for wastewater treatment plant

2. Under operating lease

GGU - water utility and energy business performance highlights

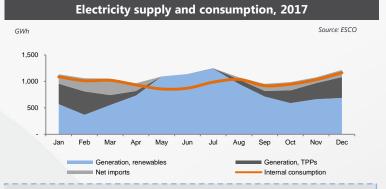




¹Capex figures are presented including VAT

Georgian electricity market overview





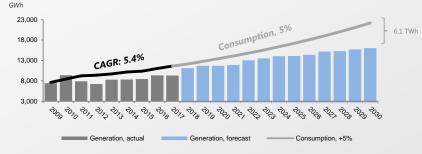
- Electricity deficit during Sep-Apr
- 8-month PPA policy in place
- 18.8% of total consumption produced by gas-fired TPPs, 12.6% imported (2017 data)

Distribution of windfarms annual generation¹



- year, adding more portion of output to domestic supply deficit
- Merchant risk is c. 30% in May-Aug, as opposed to 48% on average in run-of-river HPPs

Actual and forecasted consumption



- 8% growth of internal consumption in 2017 (10% and 14% growth in Jul & Aug)
- Consumption growth forecasted at minimum 5% CAGR in coming 15 years
- Anticipated deficit of 6.1TWh by 2030



Import's share in domestic consumption has tripled in 2017 compared to 2016, as the yoy
growth in consumption was entirely supplied for by imports

Georgian utility market overview

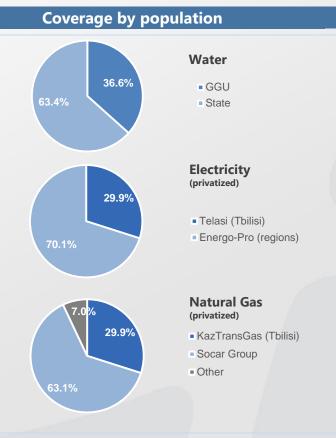


Largely privatized utility sector with high barriers to entry

- Utilities sector represents ~3% of total economic output in Georgia and is constantly growing at a sustainable rate (CAGR 8.3% in 2006 – 2016)
- Bulk of sector players are natural monopolies and the barriers to entry are high
- Large part of the industry is privatized, except for the fraction of WSS utilities and irrigation
- Reforms are in progress in utilities sector to approximate the sector with EU energy regulations in accordance to Georgia's undertaking under the Association Agreement with the EU
- Georgian National Energy and Water Supply Regulatory Commission (GNERC) is an independent body that regulates the utilities market
- GNERC is independent from the Government of Georgia and has no direct supervision from any state authorities and its independence is guaranteed by a legally mandated, self-sufficient revenue stream from the regulation fees paid by utility market participants (0.3% of the utility revenues)
- The sector is regulated by the set of laws, by-laws and government decrees on tariff setting, utilities (water, electricity, natural gas) market rules, grid / network codes, legislation on licensing, resource extraction and environmental accountability

GGU - only profitable player on Georgia's WSS market

- Largely depreciated water and sanitation infrastructure with average water losses at c. 70% (4-5 times higher than in western Europe)
- Average collection rates from households in Georgia c. 50%
- GGU's average collection rates around 96%
- Water utilities other than GGU heavily subsidized by state
- c. 47% of the population serviced on the municipal level with bad service quality, frequent interruptions and poor coverage

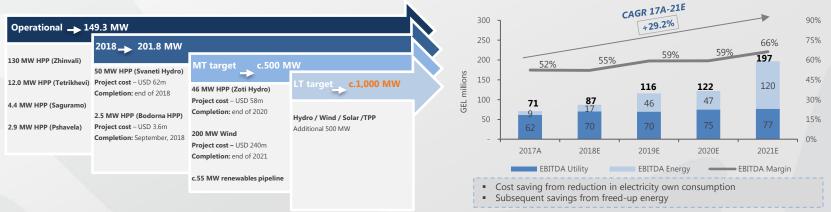


GGU: A privately-owned natural monopoly



			Business strategy		
		Current standing	Medium term goal	Targeting	21
1	Utility	REVENUE 1Q18: GEL 30.2m EBITDA 1Q18: GEL 12.8m	EBITDA 2021: GEL 75mln+	Dividend provider	2020-202
2	Energy	REVENUE 1Q18: GEL 3.1m EBITDA 1Q18: GEL 1.7m 149.3MW existing capacity	EBITDA 2021: GEL 120mln+	Value creation upside	IPO in

Projects going forward and forecasted EBITDA







1.	1Q18 results discussion Georgia Capital
2.	Investment strategy & portfolio overview
3.	1Q18 results discussion Portfolio companies
	Aldagi - P&C insurance
4.	Georgian Macro Overview
4. 5.	Georgian Macro Overview Appendices

Aldagi financial highlights



	Income Statemen	t			
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q
Gross premiums written	18,114	18,907	(4.2%)	17,962	0.8%
Earned premiums, gross	19,950	18,520	7.7%	21,891	(8.9%)
Earned premiums, net	14,925	14,436	3.4%	16,578	(10.0%)
Insurance claims expenses, gross	(7,520)	(10,700)	(29.7%)	(13,452)	(44.1%)
Insurance claims expenses, net	(6,092)	(5,637)	8.1%	(7,207)	(15.5%)
Acquisition costs, net	(1,413)	(1,677)	(15.7%)	(2,662)	(46.9%)
Net underwriting profit	7,420	7,122	4.2%	6,709	10.6%
Investment income	831	767	8.3%	814	2.1%
Net Fee and commission income	145	99	46.5%	142	2.1%
Net investment profit	976	866	12.7%	956	2.1%
Salaries and employee benefits	(2,129)	(1,978)	7.6%	(2,258)	(5.7%)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(928)	(893)	3.9%	(830)	11.8%
Depreciation & Amortisation	(232)	(234)	(0.9%)	(135)	71.9%
Impairment charges	(208)	(242)	(14.0%)	(82)	153.7%
Net other operating income	199	172	15.7%	163	22.1%
Operating profit	5,098	4,813	5.9%	4,523	12.7%
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain	(503)	(425)	18.4%	452	NMF
Pre-tax profit	4,595	4,388	4.7%	4,975	(7.6%)
Income tax expense	(693)	(638)	8.6%	(806)	(14.0%)
Net profit	3,902	3,750	4.1%	4,169	(6.4%)

Aldagi financial highlights



	Balance She	et			
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	Mar-18	Mar-17	Change y-o-y	Dec-17	Change q-o-c
Cash and cash equivalents	2,071	6,143	(66.3%)	4,186	(50.5%
Amounts due from credit institutions	29,273	27,450	6.6%	25,968	12.79
Investment securities	4,423	2,562	72.6%	4,180	5.8%
Insurance premiums receivable, net	26,184	21,812	20.0%	28,491	(8.1%
Ceded share of technical provisions	17,881	14,998	19.2%	20,671	(13.5%
PPE and intangible assets, net	7,985	10,015	(20.3%)	11,899	(32.9%
Goodwill	13,051	13,051	-	13,051	
Deferred acquisition costs	2,750	1,658	65.9%	3,047	(9.7%
Pension fund assets	18,838	16,721	12.7%	18,536	1.69
Other assets	9,529	4,926	93.4%	5,130	85.99
Total assets	131,985	119,336	10.6%	135,159	(2.3%
Gross technical provisions	46,174	43,607	5.9%	50,272	(8.2%
Other insurance liabilities	9,691	8,640	12.2%	11,147	(13.1%
Current income tax liabilities	483	591	(18.3%)	30	NM
Pension benefit obligations	18,836	16,721	12.6%	18,536	1.69
Derivative financial instruments	-	562	NMF	130	NM
Other Liabilities	4,152	6,018	(31.0%)	6,296	(34.1%
Total liabilities	79,336	76,139	4.2%	86,411	(8.2%
Total equity	52,649	43,197	21.9%	48,748	8.09
Total liabilities and equity	131,985	119,336	10.6%	135,159	(2.3%

Aldagi financial highlights



	Cash flow				
			Change		Chang
GEL thousands, unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	у-о-у	4Q17	q-0-
Cash flows from operating activities					
Insurance premium received	17,000	15,558	9.3%	21,107	(19.5%
Reinsurance premium paid	(3,639)	(2,685)	35.5%	(2,952)	23.3
Insurance benefits and claims paid	(8,813)	(8,477)	4.0%	(11,910)	(26.0%
Reinsurance claims received	3,509	5,113	(31.4%)	1,616	117.19
Acquisition costs paid	(1,209)	(1,367)	(11.5%)	(2,326)	(48.0%
Salaries and benefits paid	(4,992)	(1,882)	165.2%	(2,253)	121.69
Interest received	625	1,048	(40.3%)	158	NM
Net other operating exepnses paid	(578)	(911)	(36.7%)	(952)	(39.6%
Net cash flows from operating activities before income tax	1,903	6,397	(70.2%)	2,488	(23.4%
Income tax paid	-	(1,230)	(100.0%)	(652)	(100.0%
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,904	5,167	(63.2%)	1,835	3.8
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities					
Purchase of property and equipment	(216)	(104)	108.8%	(1,387)	(84.4%
Purchase of intangible assets	(228)	(19)	NMF	(50)	NM
Proceeds from / (Placement of) bank deposits	-	(2,218)	(100.0%)	(890)	(100.0%
Purchase of available-for-sale assets/ Deposits	(3,449)	(831)	NMF	505	NM
Net cash flows from used in investing activities	(3,893)	(3,172)	22.7%	(1,822)	113.79
Cash flows from financing activities					
Net cash flows from financing activities	-	-	-	-	
Effect of exchange rates changes	(124)	(201)	(38.5%)	(29)	NM
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,114)	1,794	NMF	(15)	NM
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	4,185	4,349	(3.8%)	4,201	(0.4%
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	2,071	6,143	(66.3%)	4,186	(50.5%

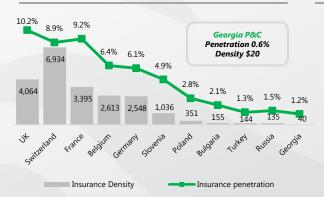
P&C insurance market overview



Market & Aldagi Revenue



Insurance Penetration & Density



Market Share (earned premium, gross)

8%

Market PL & Combined Ratio YE17

38%

Aldagi

21%

GPIH

Other, 9%

Credit Life,

13%



Highlights

17 insurance companies operating in Georgia Aldagi is undisputed leader in P&C market Aldagi had 205% solvency ratio** as of 31.03.201 Outperforming market growth by 6% (2010-2017) Aldagi has best combined ratio in the market Aldagi's share in total market profit 84% Source: Insurance State Supervision Service of Georgia, Swiss Re Institute

* IFRS profit slightly differs from ISSSG reported profit due to differences in accounting policies per regulatory requirements

** Solvency ratio - regulatory capital divided by required solvency capital (greater of 18% of premium written and 26% of claims paid)

VIG⁹

10%

TBC

Insurance

6%

Irao

Market Composition by product lines

5%

Ardi

Property,

27%

Motor,

33%

3%

Other IC Group

9%

Unison

Agro, 5%

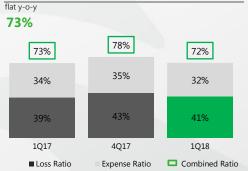
Liability,

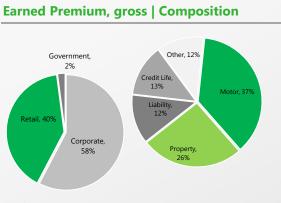
13%

Aldagi – P&C insurance business performance highlights









ROAE



Stable dividend p	payout	within	40%	-60%
	range			

Profit (GEL '000) +4.1% y-o-y **GEL 3.9mln** 4,169 3,902 3,750 1.283 1,955 51% 1.982 2,467 2.214 49% 1Q17 4Q17 1Q18

Retail

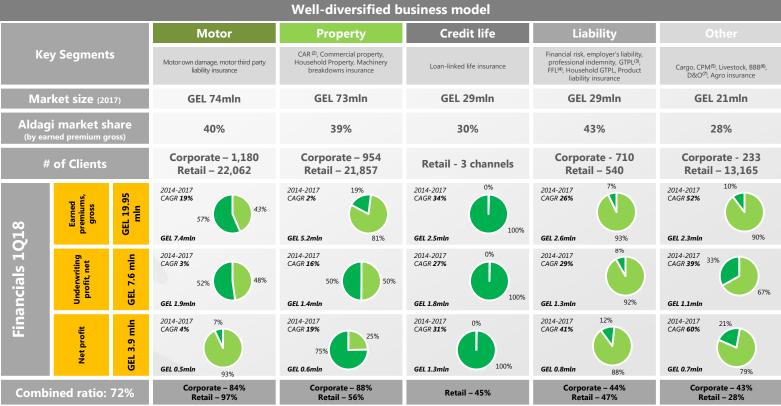
Total

Corporate

	1Q18	
Retail segme (premiums		16%
Retail Segment Co portfo		40% (+3ppt y-o-y)
Retail profi	t growth	54%
Market S	Share	38% (+3ppt y-o-y)
Renewal Ratio	Corporate	81%
Kenewal Katio	Retail	57%

Aldagi – P&C insurance business overview





Sources: Insurance State Supervision Service of Georgia
 CAR: Contractors' all risks insurance
 GTPL: General third party liability insurance
 FEI: Freight Forwarders' liability

(5) CPM: Contractor's Plant And Machinery insurance
 (6) BBB: Bankers blanket bond insurance
 (7) D&O: Directors and officers liability Insurance

Corporate

Aldagi - P&C insurance business targets & priorities









2. Investment strategy & portfolio overview	
3. 1Q18 results discussion Portfolio companies	
Teliani – beverage business	
4. Georgian Macro Overview	

Teliani financial highlights



Income Statement							
GEL thousands; unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	Change y-o-y	4Q17	Change q-o-q		
Wine Business	4,593	3,446	33.3%	7,164	(35.9%)		
Beer Business	4,921	-	NMF	4,736	3.9%		
Distribution Business	2,902	2,940	(1.3%)	5,383	(46.1%)		
Revenue	12,416	6,386	94.4%	17,283	(28.2%)		
Wine Business	(2,228)	(1,831)	21.7%	(3,328)	(33.1%)		
Beer Business	(3,567)	-	NMF	(3,438)	3.8%		
Distribution Business	(2,250)	(2,244)	0.3%	(4,195)	(46.4%)		
COGS	(8,045)	(4,075)	97.4%	(10,961)	(26.6%)		
Gross Profit	4,371	2,311	89.1%	6,322	(30.9%)		
Gross Profit Margin	35.2%	36.2%		36.6%			
Salaries and other employee benefits	(2,838)	(1,094)	159.4%	(2,542)	11.6%		
Sales and marketing expenses	(1,048)	(238)	NMF	(1,497)	(30.0%)		
General and administrative expenses	(1,721)	(720)	139.0%	(1,577)	9.1%		
Distribution expenses	(884)	(327)	170.3%	(957)	(7.6%)		
Other operating expenses	(455)	(88)	NMF	(147)	NMF		
EBITDA	(2,575)	(156)	NMF	(398)	NMF		
Of which, wine EBITDA	600	392	53.2%	2,233	(73.1%)		
Of which, beer EBITDA	(3,004)	(561)	NMF	(2,775)	8.3%		
Of which, distribution EBITDA	(171)	15	NMF	144	NMF		
Net foreign currency gain (loss)	2,174	2,096	3.7%	(4,404)	NMF		
Depreciation and amortization	(2,547)	(360)	NMF	(2,056)	23.9%		
Net interest income/expense	(1,158)	(216)	NMF	(1,247)	(7.1%)		
Net non-recurring items	-	46	NMF	(47)	NMF		
(Loss) profit before income tax	(4,106)	1,410	NMF	(8,152)	(49.6%)		
(Loss) Profit	(4,106)	1,410	NMF	(8,152)	(49.6%)		

Teliani financial highlights



	Balance Sheet				
GEL thousands unless otherwise noted	Mar-18	Mar-17	Change y-o-y	Dec-17	Change q-o-c
Cash and cash equivalents	9,055	17,085	(47.0%)	17,455	(48.1%
Amounts due from financial institutions	3,330	6,742	(50.6%)	4,381	(24.0%
Trade and other receivables	10,714	5,112	109.6%	12,179	(12.0%
Inventory	18,961	11,189	69.5%	17,454	8.6%
PPE and intangible assets, net	109,801	81,058	35.5%	104,671	4.9%
Goodwill	5,186	2,836	82.9%	2,836	82.9%
Prepayments and other assets	5,747	16,355	(64.9%)	4,472	28.5%
Total assets	162,794	140,377	16.0%	163,448	(0.4%
Trade and other payables	13,249	15,763	(15.9%)	14,335	(7.6%
Borrowings	66,738	57,588	15.9%	71,430	(6.6%
Short term borrowings	7,134	8,020	(11.0%)	9,948	(28.3%
Long term borrowings	59,604	49,568	20.2%	61,482	(3.1%
Other liabilities	2,710	1,369	98.0%	1,776	52.6%
Total liabilities	82,697	74,720	10.7%	87,541	(5.5%
Share capital	5,200	3,688	41.0%	5,200	0.0%
Additional paid-in capital	92,877	59,793	55.3%	84,465	10.0%
Retained earnings	(16,081)	3,829	NMF	(11,976)	34.39
Revaluation and other reserves	(1,899)	(1,653)	14.9%	(1,782)	6.6%
Total equity	80,097	65,657	22.0%	75,907	5.5%
Total liabilities and equity	162,794	140,377	16.0%	163,448	(0.4%

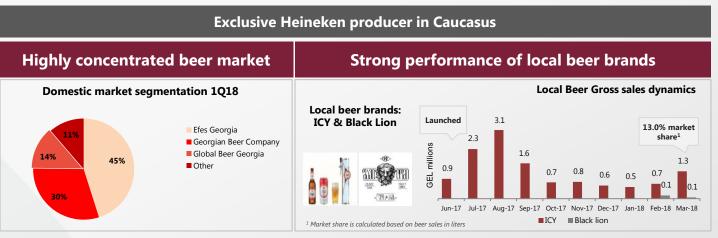
Teliani - Beverage business targets & priorities





Teliani - Beverage business performance highlights



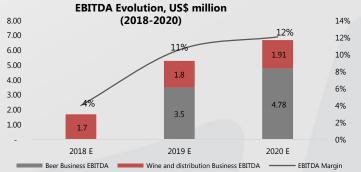


Wine Exports Dynamics (millions of bottles)



avaluding wine cales to Russia

EBITDA projection







1.	1Q18 results discussion Georgia Capital
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4.	Georgian Macro Overview
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Sovereign Ratings with Stable Outlook and Favourable Macro Fundamentals



Key Ratings Highlights							
Rating Agency	Rating	Outlook	Affirmed				
Moody's	Ba2	Stable	March 2018				
S&P Global	BB-	Stable	May 2018				
Fitch Ratings	BB-	Positive	March 2018				

Georgia is favorably placed among peers

Country	Country Rating	Rating Outlook
Armenia	B+	Positive
Azerbaijan	BB+	Stable
Belarus	В	Stable
Czech Republic	A+	Positive
Georgia	BB-	Stable
Kazakhstan	BBB	Stable
Turkey	BB+	Stable
Ukraine	В-	Stable



Georgia's key Economic Drivers

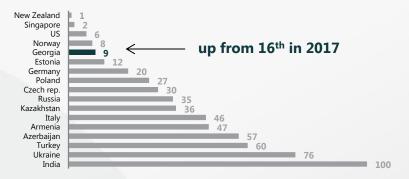


Liberal economic policy	 Top performer globally in WB Doing Business over the past 12 years Liberty Act (effective January 2014) ensures a credible fiscal and monetary framework: Public expenditure/GDP capped at 30%; Fiscal deficit/GDP capped at 3%; Public debt/GDP capped at 60% Business friendly environment and low tax regime (attested by favourable international rankings)
Regional logistics and tourism hub	 A natural transport and logistics hub, connecting land-locked energy rich countries in the east and European markets in the west Access to a market of 2.8bn customers without customs duties: Free trade agreements with EU, China, CIS and Turkey and GSP with USA, Canada, Japan, Norway and Switzerland; FTA with Hong Kong expected to be signed shortly; FTA with India under consideration Tourism revenues on the rise: tourism inflows stood at 18.2% of GDP in 2017 and arrivals reached 7.6mln visitors in 2017 (up 18.8% y-o-y), out of which tourist arrivals were up 27.9% y-o-y to 3.5mln visitors. Regional energy transit corridor accounting for 1.6% of the world's oil and gas transit volumes
Strong FDI	 An influx of foreign investors on the back of the economic reforms have boosted productivity and accelerated growth FDI stood at US\$ 1.9bln (12.3% of GDP) in 2017, up 16.2% y-o-y FDI averaged 10.0% of GDP in 2007-2017
Support from international community	 Georgia and the EU signed an Association Agreement and DCFTA in June 2014 Visa-free travel to the EU is another major success in Georgian foreign policy. Georgian passport holders were granted free visa entrance to the EU countries from 28 March 2017 Discussions commenced with the USA to drive inward investments and exports Strong political support from NATO, EU, US, UN and member of WTO since 2000; Substantial support from DFIs, the US and EU
Electricity transit hub potential	 Developed, stable and competitively priced energy sector Only 20% of hydropower capacity utilized; 145 renewable (HPPs/WPPs/SPPs) energy power plants are in various stages of construction or development Georgia imports natural gas mainly from Azerbaijan Significantly boosted transmission capacity in recent years, a new 400 kV line to Turkey and 500 kV line to Azerbaijan built, other transmission lines to Armenia and Russia upgraded Additional 2,000 MW transmission capacity development in the pipeline, facilitating cross-border electricity trade and energy swaps to Eastern Europe
Political environment stabilised	 Georgia underscored its commitment to European values by securing a democratic transfer of political power in successive parliamentary, presidential, and local elections and by signing an Association Agreement and free trade agreement with the EU New constitution amendments passed in 2013 to enhance governing responsibility of Parliament and reduce the powers of the Presidency Continued economic relationship with Russia, although economic dependence is relatively low Russia began issuing visas to Georgians in March 2009; Georgia abolished visa requirements for Russians – Russia announced the easing of visa procedures for Georgians citizens effective December 23, 2015 Direct flights between the two countries resumed in January 2010 Member of WTO since 2000, allowed Russia's access to WTO; In 2013 trade restored with Russia In 2017, Russia accounted for 14.5% of Georgia's exports and 9.9% of imports; just 3.5% of cumulative FDI over 2003-2017

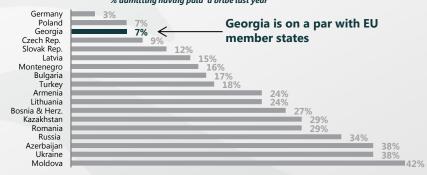
Institutional Oriented Reforms



Ease of Doing Business | 2018 (WB-IFC Doing Business Report)

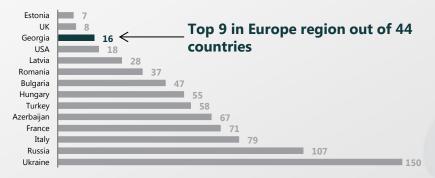


Global Corruption Barometer | TI 2017 % admitting having paid a bribe last year

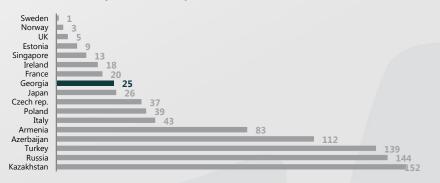


Sources: Transparency International, Heritage Foundation, World Bank, Trace International

Economic Freedom Index | 2018 (Heritage Foundation)



Business Bribery Risk, 2017 | Trace International

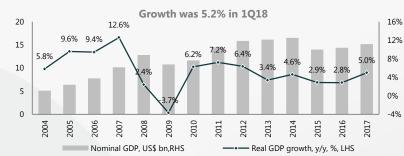


Diversified resilient economy

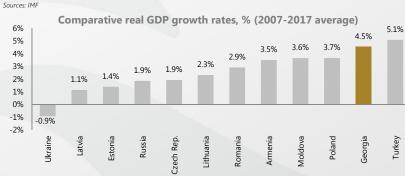


Gross domestic product

Source: Geostat

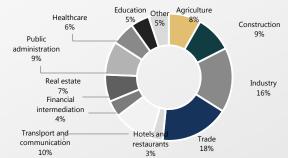


One of the Fastest Developing Economies in the Region (2007-2017 average)



Diversified nominal GDP structure, 2017

Source: Geostat



Monthly Economic Activity Estimate, y/y growth

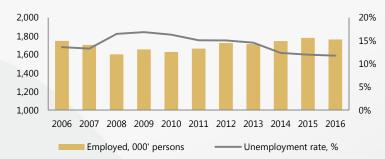
Sources: GeoStat



Room for Further Job Creation

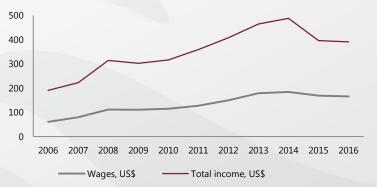


Unemployment rate down 0.2ppts y/y to 11.8% in 2016 Sources: GeoStat

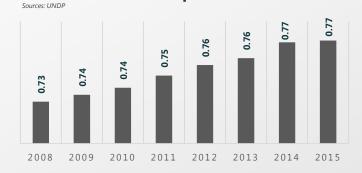


Average monthly wages and income per household

Sources: GeoStat

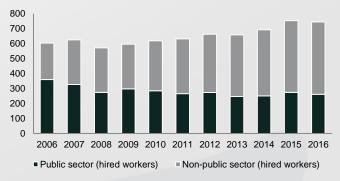


UNDP Human Development Index



Hired workers accounted for 42.3% in total employment in 2016

Sources: GeoStat

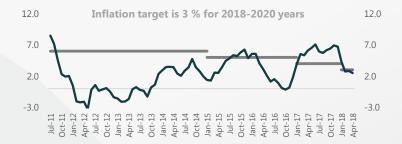


Inflation targeting since 2009



Inflation y/y vs. inflation target

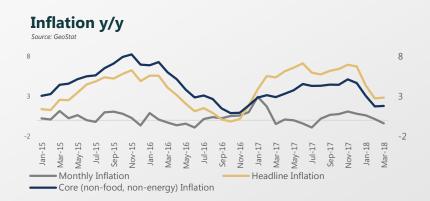
Sources: NBG, GeoStat



M2 vs. inflation, y-o-y,%

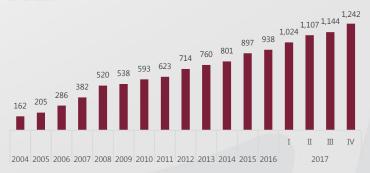
Sources: Geostat, NBG





Average monthly wages in business sector

Source: Geostat

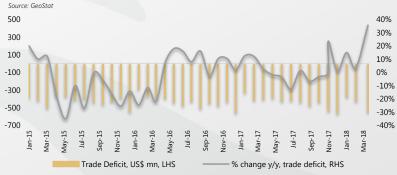


Current account deficit supported by FDI



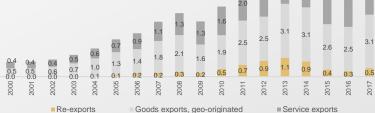
Sources: NBG 30 20 20 10 2 2 \overline{z} 10 0 0 -10 -5.8 -10 -10.3 -10.7 10.6 -10.9 -11.7 -12.0 -12.8 -12.8 -20 -20 -15.3 -19.6 22.0 -30 -30 -40 -40 2005 2006 2010 2016 2017 2008 2009 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Goods, net Investment income, net 11/11 Services, net Current transfers, net Current account

Goods' Trade Deficit



Current account balance (% of nominal GDP)

Exports and Re-exports, US\$ bln Source: NBG



FDI and capital goods import



Diversified sources of capital

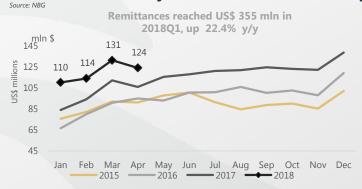


Strong foreign investor interest

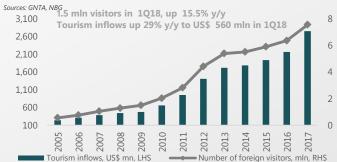
Sources: GeoStat



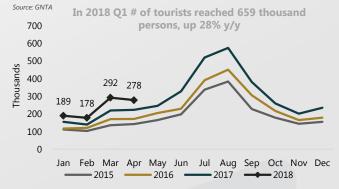
Remittances - steady source of external funding



Visitors and tourism revenues on the rise



Number of Tourists⁽¹⁾



(1)Tourists are defined as visitors staying 24 hour and more

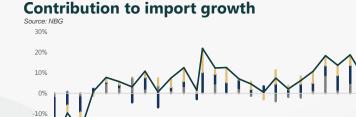
Diversified foreign trade

-20%

-30%

Jan-16 Feb-16



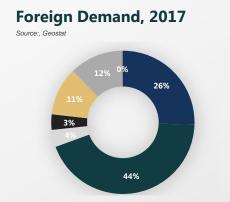


Mar-17 Apr-17 May-17 Feb-17

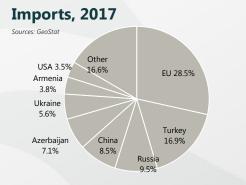
un-17 Vug-17 Oct-17

Consumer goods

Jul-17 Sep-17 Vov-17 Dec-17

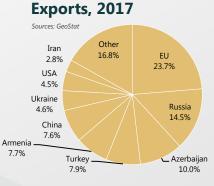






Apr-16 May-16 Jun-16 Jul-16 Aug-16 Sep-16 Oct-16 Nov-16 Dec-16 Jan-17

Intermediate goods



30%

20%

10%

-10%

-20%

-30%

Jan-18 Feb-18

Import growth, y/y, %

Oil imports

Sources: GeoStat



Prudent monetary policy ensures macro-financial stability



International reserves

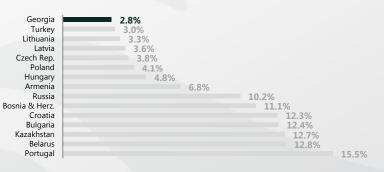


Monetary policy rate



Nonperforming loans to total gross loans

Sources: IMF, NBG



Monetary policy rate remains low vs. peers

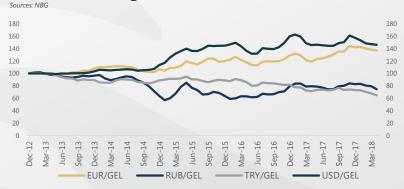
Sources Central banks



Floating exchange rate - policy priority



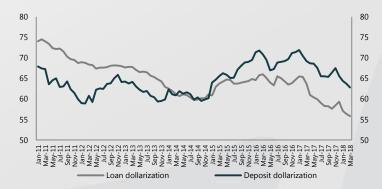
Bilateral exchange rate indices (Dec2012=100)



Real effective exchange rate (REER) Sources: NBG 155 Jan-2003 =100 145 135 125 115 105 95 85 -03 Jul-06 08 60 Jan-10 Aug-10 20 vug-03 8 Dct-04 05 05 01 Dec-In Mar REER (Jan 2003=100) •••••• Linear (REER (Jan 2003=100))

Dollarization ratios

Source: NBG



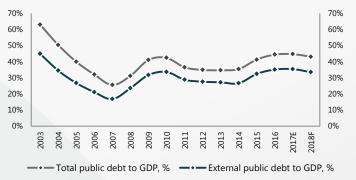


Low public debt



Public debt as % of GDP is capped at 60%

Sources: MOF



Fiscal deficit

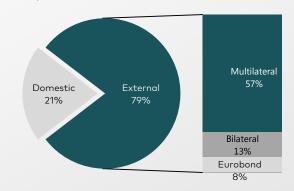
Source: MOF

Note: Deficit calculated based on IMF's GFSM-1986 methodology



Breakdown of public debt

Source: MOF. as of 31 December 2017





Source: MOF



Government 4-pillar of Reforms



Structural Reforms	2 Promoting Transit & Tourism Hub
 Tax Reform Corporate income tax reform Enhancing easiness of tax compliance Capital Market Reform Boosting stock exchange activities Developing of local bond market Pension Reform Introduction of private pension system PPP Reform Introduction of transparent and efficient PPP framework Public Investment Management Framework Improved efficiency of state projects Deposit Insurance Boosting private savings Enhancing trust to financial system Accounting Reform Increased Transparency and financial accountability Enhanced protection of shareholder rights 	 Roads Plan to finish all spinal projects by 2020 – East-West Highway, other supporting infrastructure Rail Baku – Tbilisi Kars new railroad line Railway modernization project Air Tbilisi International Airport 2nd runway to be constructed International Cargo terminal Maritime Anaklia deep water Black Sea port Strategic location Capable of accommodating Panamax type cargo vessels High capacity – up to 100mln tons turnover annually Up to USD 1bln for first phase (out of 9) in Georgia
Promoting Open Governance	4 Education Reform
 Improvement of Public Services offered to the Private Sector Creation of "Front Office" Application of "Single Window Principle" Involvement of the Private Sector in Legislative Process Discussion of draft legislation at an early stage Strict monitoring of implementation of government decisions Creation of special unit for monitoring purposes 	 General Education Reform Maximising quality of teaching in secondary schools Fundamental Reform of Higher Education Based on the comprehensive research of the labour market needs Improvement of Vocational Education Increase involvement of the private sector in the professional education





5.	Appendices
4.	Georgian Macro Overview
3.	1Q18 results discussion Portfolio companies
2.	Investment strategy & portfolio overview
1.	1Q18 results discussion Georgia Capital

Georgia Capital - consolidated income statement



	Quarterly income statement				
GEL thousands unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	y-o-y change (%)	4Q17	q-o-q change (%)
Utility and energy revenue	30,654	27,236	12.5%	33,286	(7.9%)
Cost of utility and energy	(9,804)	(9,709)	1.0%	(10,417)	(5.9%)
Gross utility and energy profit	20,850	17,527	19.0%	22,869	(8.8%)
Net insurance premiums earned	12,943	12,527	3.3%	13,512	(4.2%)
Net insurance claims incurred	(6,091)	(5,637)	8.1%	(7,207)	(15.5%)
Gross insurance profit	6,852	6,890	(0.6%)	6,305	8.7%
Real estate revenue	29,207	19,781	47.7%	32,982	(11.4%)
Cost of real estate	(25,270)	(17,192)	47.0%	(27,209)	(7.1%)
Gross real estate profit	3,937	2,589	52.1%	5,773	(31.8%)
Beverage revenue	12,516	7,145	75.2%	14,615	(14.4%)
Cost of beverage	(8,045)	(4,828)	66.6%	(7,506)	7.2%
Gross beverage profit	4,471	2,317	93.0%	7,109	(37.1%)
Other income	1,672	1,528	9.4%	2,502	(33.2%)
Gross profit	37,782	30,851	22.5%	44,558	(15.2%)
Salaries and other employee benefits	(11,053)	(6,259)	76.6%	(10,427)	6.0%
Administrative expenses	(9,882)	(7,456)	32.5%	(11,824)	(16.4%)
Other operating expenses	(575)	(176)	NMF	(424)	35.6%
Impairment charge	(2,005)	(104)	NMF	(618)	NMF
EBITDA	14,267	16,856	(15.4%)	21,265	(32.9%)
Depreciation and amortisation	(8,972)	(5,598)	60.3%	(9,056)	(0.9%)
Net foreign currency gain (loss)	5,878	5,771	1.9%	(5,797)	NMF
Interest income	3,934	2,532	55.4%	4,088	(3.8%)
Interest expense	(9,524)	(6,770)	40.7%	(8,969)	6.2%
Net operating income before non-recurring items	5,583	12,791	(56.4%)	1,531	NMF
Net non-recurring items	(156)	113	NMF	(460)	(66.1%)
Profit before income tax expense from continuing operations	5,427	12,904	(57.9%)	1,071	NMF
Income tax expense	(693)	(687)	0.9%	(1,666)	(58.4%)
Profit (loss) from continuing operations ¹	4,734	12,217	(61.3%)	(595)	NMF
Profit from discontinued operations	24,641	12,829	92.1%	12,270	100.8%
Profit	29,375	25,046	17.3%	11,675	151.6%
Attributable to:					
-shareholders of the Group	17,168	17,791	(3.5%)	7,042	143.8%
-non-controlling interests	12,207	7,255	68.3%	4,633	163.5%

Georgia Capital - consolidated balance sheet



		Fc	or the quarter ended		
GEL thousands unless otherwise noted	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17	y-o-y change (%)	31-Dec-17	q-o-q change (%)
Cash and cash equivalents	528,697	359,629	47.0%	374,301	41.2%
Amounts due from credit institutions	37,667	174,248	(78.4%)	38,141	(1.2%)
Debt securities owned	45,233	2,197	NMF	31,906	41.8%
Equity investments at fair value	707,153	1,153	NMF	1,153	NMF
Accounts receivable	32,669	140,489	(76.7%)	35,446	(7.8%)
Insurance premiums receivable	28,392	53,256	(46.7%)	30,854	(8.0%)
Inventories	77,626	195,946	(60.4%)	80,108	(3.1%)
Investment property	153,638	131,378	16.9%	155,367	(1.1%)
Property and equipment	700,905	1,053,786	(33.5%)	661,176	6.0%
Goodwill	24,275	124,371	(80.5%)	21,925	10.7%
Intangible assets	5,233	20,601	(74.6%)	5,455	(4.1%)
Income tax assets	1,179	4,291	(72.5%)	1,374	(14.2%)
Prepayments	105,803	74,168	42.7%	88,057	20.2%
Other assets	189,768	79,972	137.3%	73,468	158.3%
Assets of disposal group held for sale	1,202,765	_	NMF	1,165,182	3.2%
Total assets	3,841,003	2,415,485	59.0%	2,763,913	39.0%
Accounts payable	42,012	133,720	(68.6%)	46,479	(9.6%)
Insurance contracts liabilities	43,103	71,620	(39.8%)	46,402	(7.1%)
Borrowings	381,070	532,572	(28.4%)	377,501	0.9%
Debt securities issued	732,401	335,773	118.1%	357,442	104.9%
Income tax liabilities	545	1,662	(67.2%)	859	(36.6%)
Deferred income	64,035	73,970	(13.4%)	73,066	(12.4%)
Other liabilities	71,342	204,085	(65.0%)	63,470	12.4%
Liabilities of disposal group held for sale	629,955	-	NMF	619,026	1.8%
Total liabilities	1,964,463	1,353,402	45.1%	1,584,245	24.0%
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Group	1,572,608	824,709	90.7%	874,788	79.8%
Non-controlling interests	303,932	237,374	28.0%	304,880	(0.3%)
Total equity	1,876,540	1,062,083	76.7%	1,179,668	59.1%
Total liabilities and equity	3,841,003	2,415,485	59.0%	2,763,913	39.0%

Water utility and energy business (GGU) – cash flow



	Quarterly cash flow statement				
GEL thousands unless otherwise noted	1Q18	1Q17	y-o-y change (%)	4Q17	q-o-q change (%
Profit before income tax	6,778	7,019	(3.4%)	9,077	(25.3%
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation and amortisation	6,117	4,821	26.9%	5,229	17.09
Allowance for impairment of trade receivables	1,449	(274)	NMF	(338)	NM
Reversal of/(Charge for) provisions and legal claims related expenses	137	38	NMF	(99)	NM
Net loss from disposal of property, plant and equipment and				()	
investment property	395	184	NMF	295	33.89
Revaluation gain on investment property	-		0.0%	(554)	(100.0%
Net foreign exchange losses	(1,760)	328	NMF	386	NM
Interest income	(221)	(388)	(43.0%)	(823)	(73.29
Finance costs	3.517	2,638	33.3%	4,605	(23.69
Non-reccurring expenses	124	2,050	100.0%	1,263	(90.19
5 1	181		100.0%	388	(53.4%
Share-based payment expense	101	-	100.0%	200	(55.47
Operating cash flows before working capital changes	110	(50)	NMF		
Change in inventories		(50)		(7)	NM
Change in trade and other receivables	(4,797)	(2,686)	78.6%	(1,697)	NM
Change in prepaid taxes other than income tax	1,624	1,301	24.8%	(1,589)	NM
Change in prepayments	(950)	(5,510)	(82.8%)	7,109	NM
Change in trade and other payables	5,708	4,879	17.0%	(2,160)	NN
Change in deferred revenue	481	145	NMF	795	(39.69
Change in advances received	1,205	2,636	(54.3%)	3,007	(59.99
Change in other tax payables	837	(103)	NMF	(1,435)	NM
Change in restricted cash	2,567	359	NMF	(3,341)	NM
Change in other non-current liabilities	1	-	100.0%	(22)	NM
nterest received	180	419	(56.9%)	940	(80.89
interest paid	(864)	(2,606)	(66.8%)	(5,188)	(83.39
Income tax paid	1	(534)	(100.3%)	(1,683)	NN
Total cash flow from operating activities	22,819	12,617	80.9%	14,158	61.2
Purchase of PPE and intangible assets	(57,076)	(24,142)	NMF	(80,534)	(29.19
Purchase of investment property		-	0.0%	(12)	(100.09
Proceeds from PPE sale	(0)	14	(100.0%)	(0)	(100.09
Proceeds from sale of investment property	1,100	-	0.0%	0	NN
Restricted cash in Bank	-	(12,249)	(100.0%)	8,275	(100.09
Total cash flow used in investing activities	(55,976)	(36,377)	53.9%	(72,271)	(22.59
Proceeds from borrowings	11,697	12,412	(5.8%)	265,792	(95.6
Repayment of borrowings	(2,744)	(4,359)	(37.1%)	(146,159)	(98.19
Contributions under share-based payment plan	(_, ,	(,,===)	0.0%	(2,599)	(100.09
Dividends paid out			0.0%	(28,000)	(100.09
Capital increase		780	(100.0%)	2,607	(100.09
Total cash flow used in financing activities	8,953	8,833	1.4%	91,641	(90.29
Effect of exchange rates changes	(2,064)	(676)	NMF	6.075	NN
Total cash (outflow)/inflow	(26,268)	(15,603)	68.4%	39,604	NN
Cash, beginning balance	70,261	32,379	117.0%	30,657	129.2
Cash, ending balance	43,993	16,776	162.2%	70,261	(37.49

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